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to 31 December 2022

Pūrongo Tau Haurua Half Yearly Report

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Cover image: Te Arapiki a Tāne | The stairway of Tāne

Company Directory

Central Economic Development Agency Limited

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Website: CEDA.nz

Chief Executive

Jerry Shearman

Directors

Robyn O'Fee (Bobbie) - Chairperson Paul Bayly Margharita Mare (Margy) David Norman Robbie Pickford Te Ahu Teki (interim)

Registered Office

Morrison Creed Advisory 236 Broadway Avenue Palmerston North 4410

Bankers

Westpac New Zealand Limited

Legal Status

Central Economic Development Agency Limited ("CEDA") was incorporated in New Zealand on 15 October 2015 under the Companies Act 1993 (NZBN 9429042001096). As the shareholders of CEDA are Palmerston North City Council (50%) and Manawatū District Council (50%) CEDA is a Council Controlled Organisation as defined in section 6 of the Local Government Act 2002.

Pūrongo Ngātahi a te Heamana me te Tumuaki Joint Report of Chairman and Chief Executive

Tēnā koutou katoa,

New Zealand has moved into a period of a more challenging economic outlook with a significant increase in the cost of living and many markers of economic performance over the second half of 2022 trending down. The region has also seen house sales decline with a weakening demand leading to falling prices. The most recent economic data shows however that the Manawatū region continues to perform better economically in a national context with electronic card spending up and job gains in most sectors, most notably construction, retail, and financial services.

CEDA remains focused on supporting the economic positioning of the region around the pillars of People, Place, and Business. We have been working hard with stakeholders, iwi, and our regional businesses to leverage off key economic growth poles to provide growth opportunities for existing business and to attract new operators to the region.

Te Utanganui, the Central New Zealand Distribution Hub is one of our significant projects that has active workstreams in Advocacy and Communication, Inward Investment and Acceleration, and Master Planning. This has involved diverse activities ranging from ministerial presentations, and significant engagement with the logistics and distribution sector, profiling the strength of our regions distribution and logistics hub, to working with potential investors looking to invest in Te Utanganui. The Manawatū Food Strategy Stage Two development commenced in October 2022 and will be a key document for shaping the direction of the region across the sector. This work is looking at the opportunities in food production, agritech and agribusiness and producing a clear picture of what success looks like for the region. Key regional stakeholders will be able to refer to the strategy to advance outcomes by sectors, and businesses in those sectors, that align to the mahi of science and innovation in the food story.

The Manawatū Business Attraction, Retention and Expansion Strategy 2022-23 implementation plan has focused on increased engagement across the business community including collecting business sentiment and improved advocacy and profiling of the Manawatū by working with partners to leverage and promote our strengths and assets.

CEDA continues delivery of a programme of work that aims to attract and retain talent in the region, working with businesses. In the last six months we have developed a Workforce Development Planning toolkit to support employers to attract, retain and train staff that was produced in partnership with UCOL | Te Pukenga. Recent profiling of our regional sectors of strength has gone live on the ManawatuNZ.co.nz regional website to help showcase our diverse economy and support our work in attracting business and investment to the region.

The Manawatū Destination Management Plan refresh was completed and sets out the strategic direction for the city

and regions visitor sector, with a view to growing visitor activity and value for the benefit of our communities. The strategy that is facilitated and driven by CEDA and owned and delivered by our stakeholders has identified a number of priority projects that include an Agri Showcase and Food Experience, and Te Āpiti opportunities, and highlighting our already present but growing outdoor experiences such as mountain biking.

We remain focused on planning and delivering economic development outcomes for our region over the second half of the year. There will also be a need to be agile and flexible in a fast-changing economic landscape.

CEDA is as always grateful for the support of our shareholders, CEDA board and team, iwi, and our partners as delivering on the ambitions and aspirations of the Manawatū relies on multiple organisations working together.

Titiro whakamuri, Kokiri whakamua Look back and reflect so you can move forward

Ngā mihi nui ki a koutou katoa,

Bobbie O'Fee Heamana Chairperson

Jerry Shearman *Tumuaki Chief Executive*

A Mātou Tutukinga What we have achieved

 → For full performance reporting see the Statement of Service Performance outcomes on pages 21 to 25.

Whakamaneatia, puritia, whakawhanaketia ngā iho pūmanawa ki roto i te rohe Attract, retain, and develop talent in the region

Through our data and research, we know that the biggest barrier to business growth in the region is the ability to attract the right people for the job. The development of a talent pipeline for the region that includes the attraction of those with the skills and experience our businesses need, the training and development of the people they already have, the recruitment of students to the region, along with an understanding of the future needs of our sectors and businesses is key to the region being able to grow and prosper by 2025, becoming recognised for our exceptional lifestyle and competitive advantages. Develop the talent pipeline to grow a skilled workforce and better utilise the existing labour market

Workforce Development Planning Toolkit

to support employers in the attraction, retention and training of staff developed in collaboration with UCOL | Te Pūkenga. Four information booklets were created (People Strategy, Bringing the right people on board, Growing your people, and Keeping your people), and was launched with three workshops held in Palmerston North and Feilding with 30 businesses registering.

Sustainability Toolkit for Employers

launched through an online platform for businesses to start their sustainability journey from understanding the benefits of sustainable practices, to practical tools and resources, links to the climate action toolbox, and sustainability calculators.

Freight and Logistics Workforce planning group established

working with Hanga-Aro-Rau – Manufacturing, Engineering and Logistics, Workforce Development Council and the Regional Skills Leadership group. The purpose of the group is to look at the region's future skills and training needs for this sector. This will be important particularly for Te Utanganui, the Central New Zealand Distribution Hub, in relation to future labour requirements.

Health and School Transitions Workforce Plan

was established through working with Toitū te Waiora - Community, Health, Education and Social Services Workforce Development Council and the Regional Skills Leadership Group, to support programmes of work to transition youth into the health sector.

Health Sector Accelerate Academy Programme

to give insight into employment opportunities available in the health sector to year ten rangatahi Māori students was completed, with five schools from the region involved and student attendance numbers ranging from 50 to 90 for each week of the 12-week programme. This programme was a direct output of the Regional Skills Leadership Group Health and School Transitions Workforce Plan, and was supported by Rangitāne o Manawatū.

Whakamaneatia, puritia, whakawhanaketia ngā pakihi me ngā haumitanga ki roto i te rohe Attract, retain, and develop business and investment in the region

Business development and expansion in the region, and attracting business and investment to the region, is at the core of economic development and at the forefront of CEDA's objectives for Manawatū to be a leading distribution hub, be recognised as one of the top three agrifood hubs in the world, and a magnet for investment, business, and talent. We have a strong competitive edge to achieve these outcomes with our central location, comparatively affordable land and development costs, a diverse labour pool, and a growing culture of innovation and entrepreneurship. Attract business and investment to the region

Te Utanganui (Central New Zealand Distribution Hub)

initial work on raising the profile and developing funding opportunities commenced with the following activities:

- Raising the profile of Te Utanganui through advocacy with the sector, potential investors, and partners including KiwiRail, Waka Kōtahi, Napier Ports, CentrePort, and Air New Zealand, to maximise the linkages between the key components within the strategy and support investment decisions.
- Regional advocacy with Accelerate25, Hawke's Bay Councils, PNCC and MDC, Horizons Regional Council, and central government (Delegation to Minster Wood, and several MP visits to the region) to create a linked-up approach to the national freight strategy led out by the Ministry of Transport.
- The website for Te Utanganui was launched and final collateral for dissemination was produced including a condensed version of the strategy and a Te Utanganui Story document.

Manawatū Food Strategy

development of stage two commenced in October 2022 with a new project team, project approach, and broader 15 member Technical Advisory Group. Twenty three interviews have been conducted with a broad range of businesses and stakeholders across the sector to inform the development of the strategy which is due for completion by the end of June.

Four investment opportunities supported in the region

with ongoing support of the SoundSphere high-tech audio potential establishment in the region, development of a pitch for an international pharmaceutical company, commercial demand analysis for Safari Group to support a hotel investment in the region, and work to support the development of Te Āpiti West Accommodation Hub. Support our sectors of strength and big businesses to grow through targeted business development actions, retention initiatives and activities

Destination Management Plan

refreshed to support the development of visitor opportunities to the region. Five catalyst projects were identified, supported by several key enablers for the region. A total of 64 recommendations and actions were analysed as part of the refresh, following engagement with 83 industry stakeholders through workshops, interviews, presentations and discussions and a community engagement survey with 338 responses from residents across the region.

Business Attraction, Retention & Expansion Strategy

implementation through the engagement with the one hundred businesses identified under the strategy for the purpose of identifying investment opportunities, understanding barriers to expansion, and retention of businesses in the region. Eleven business sentiment engagements have been completed year to date and this has resulted in follow up actions for six of these businesses being completed.

265 small and medium enterprises supported

in the year to date including twenty-five Māori businesses. This is from a total of 325¹ engagements through the Regional Business Partner Programme, Business Mentors New Zealand mentor matching, Visitor Sector support, talent and skills industry activity and general business support. Business development capability funding of \$83,770 was issued through the Regional Business Partner Programme.

Digital Boost Pilot Programme

funded by the Ministry of Business, Innovation, and Employment, with a purpose of providing businesses tailored digital capability support focused on increasing their digital presence and skills following the impacts of the pandemic. Rolled out through thirteen providers, training has been provided to 565 businesses in the region.

Twelve events supported through the Regional Events Fund

government funding to support in the attraction of visitors to the region through the impacts of COVID-19, which ceases on 30 June, with a total funding allocated of \$92,750. Events supported included the Manawatū Arts Trail, Palmy Drag Fest and the NZ Blues, Roots & Groove Festival.

1

Partnership with The Factory and Sprout

to support and accelerate tech start-ups and entrepreneurs including The Factory Innovate event in November and Minister Verrell being hosted by Sprout at The Factory with CEDA attending.

The Factory's Innovate programme saw eight businesses pitching for the supreme award, with Precycle taking out the winning title with their construction materials made from non-recyclable waste.

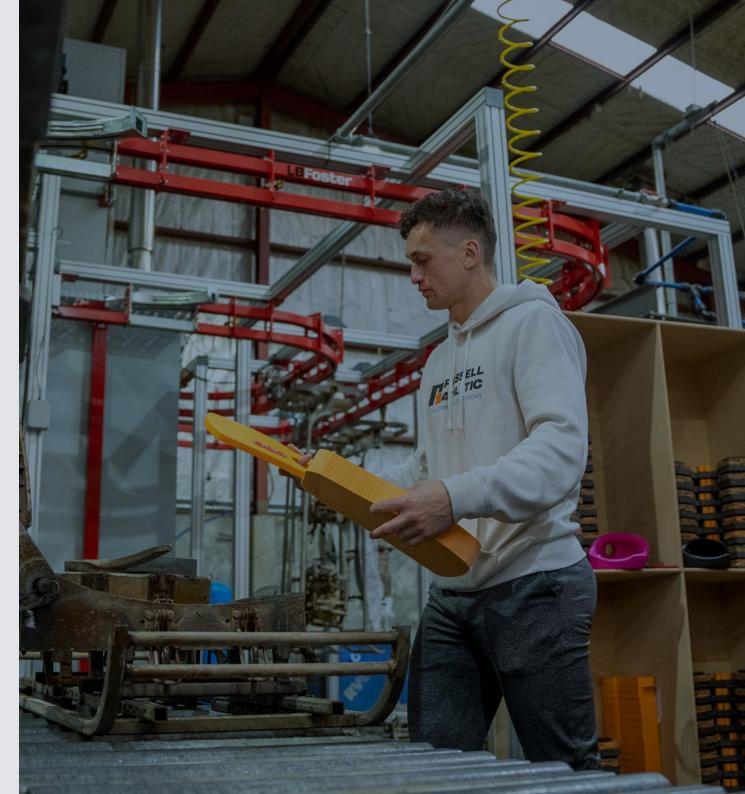
Sprout's Cohort IX of their Accelerator Programme saw a wide range of companies from a robotic prototype for grain silos, to cameras capable of facial recognition for sheep. There were nine businesses involved being a mix of food tech and agritech.

62 businesses supported with Research and Development

through Callaghan Innovation programmes including 46 Action Plans being developed, 13 referrals for Student Career Grants and three referrals for the newly developed Research and Development Grants².

2 In line in with a change in focus for Callaghan Innovation, Getting Started, Project and Student Fellowship grants were removed from the programme on 1st July 2022, and therefore no Research and Development grant funding was available for the period July to December 2022.

10 CEDA HALF YEARLY REPORT TO DECEMBER 2022



Whakatairangatia te rohe hei whakamanea i te tangata, i te pakihi me te haumitanga **Profile the region to attract people, business, and investment**

Profiling the region to highlight our strengths, our people and our places through a shared regional identity, targeted storytelling and partnerships ensures Palmerston North city and Manawatū district is renowned for its exceptional lifestyle, competitive advantages and is a magnet for investment, business, and talent. A coordinated approach to better showcasing the strengths of our region and profiling our successes is key to achieving recognition as one of the top three global agrifood hubs by 2025.

Profile Manawatū locally, nationally, and globally

Profiling Manawatū's regional identity

12 content pieces were created and published made up of; Six new content features for the regions key visitor markets, focusing on family activities and walks and hikes, and six new business profiles to help tell the story of our successful and diverse business sectors and industries in Manawatū. An additional 15 micro clips (video snippets) were created to be used across digital channels and platforms.

34 Media Features secured profiling the city and region

across a broad audience base, including business, investment, and visitation to the region with a total reach of 33,401,364.

The launch of the Coastal Arts Trail, and the Manawatū Version 2.0 campaign, resulted in an increase in media features and reach, with over 17 million reached through the Coastal Arts Trail coverage alone. Key channels have included Stuff National, and Stuff Travel features, the Urban List, Kia Ora Magazine, Verve Magazine, Radio New Zealand, and Concrete Playground. A key highlight was securing Manawatū as the feature region for a Stuff travel takeover in July.

29,712 Social Media followers

across Palmy & Manawatū Facebook and Manawatu_NZ Instagram channels.

21,771 ManawatuNZ Facebook followers on 31 December, up from 20,659 in December 2021 (5.3% increase), and 7,941 ManawatuNZ Instagram followers from 7,830 in December 21 (1.4% increase).

ManawatuNZ.co.nz total sessions (1 Jul – 31 Dec 2022) were 108,512 down from 136,115 for the same period in the previous year.

Changes to the website including removal of the Choose Manawatū business directory which was implemented to provide support to businesses impacted by COVID-19 has contributed to this outcome.

verve autoevolution Searchhere... Manawatū's cheeky new tourism World's First Art Gallery on campaign virtually a different place Wheels Offers an Immersive Art 1 Palmerston North markets its distribution >entre profile and Travel Experience L - II: Anota local 00000 While most people who decide to try out life on the road worry about how they'll fit reverything they need, like a kitchen and a bathroom, into the limited space offered by their caravans, RVs, campers, or other types of motorhomes. You Near Zealand-based commandes the Mean Zealand Search and Search and Search and the search a For Art's Sala 6:11 СНС 1/ 26* ing Chill Top si, the picnic, but k out the . ithin Te Breakfast NZ Herald Auto Revolution Stuff.co.nz Verve 5 ≣ MANAWAT $ar{\mathbf{U}}$ updates to the Manawatū: A spectacular cycle trip into the unknown o **'HEAPS BETTER' NEW AND** 0000000 **IMPROVED VERSION 2.0 IN** S = travel Manawatü lifts the lid on little-known regional treasures o LATEST CAMPAIGN VIA YARN 000000 0 ΛΛΝ<mark>Ν</mark>ΛΤί Hot on the trail Many Kinis may have preconceived ideas about the Manowriti region from past memories, but a lot has changed since then, making it much more of a tourism destination. Central Economic Development Agroups (20ka) and independent creative agroup Yam have created a tangue in check compaign that launches the Manowath region are aven and improved 20 version, highlighting all the new features to the region. to don' opening, CDA, CDAC, when you don't new backing in ops, you have to think a bit differently to stand out. Yarn the right team to help us with a bold and creative idea to aland realize the Manavatth has more to offer than they

Stuff.co.nz

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Manawatū & Whanganui

Stuff.co.nz

Seven Sharp

Celebrating Manawatū



oday 2 November] when the ne

Heaps Better

thers at Varn: "If it" visited the mighty Manawath, we are simpl ienced in the past,

ive, starring the region's quirky IT Manager. Matt Sellars and Rich Robson

> ar tamos anderson cer: Plana Keille intkine

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Kia Ora magazine

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Aratakina ngā whakawhanaketanga ohaoha kauawhi, toitū anō hoki mō te rohe Lead inclusive and sustainable economic development for the region

A strength of our region is the ability to work together using our combined strengths, connections, and skills to compete nationally and globally. Collaborative relationships and partnerships with key regional and national stakeholders, central and local government, Māori, and iwi are key to ensuring our strategic outcomes for the city and district.

Develop strategic partner relationships, leveraging opportunities

Central government agreements in place

with the Ministry of Business, Innovation, and Employment agreements in place for; Regional Business Partner Programme, Regional Events Fund, Digital Boost Pilot Programme, and Support, Reset and Recovery funding to support the Visitor Sector through the impacts of COVID-19. Also, with Te Whatu Ora, Health NZ, and Te Tāhuhu o te Mātauranga, Ministry of Education for the Accelerate Academy programme.

Regional partnerships in place

with The Factory, Sprout Agritech, Manawatū Young Professionals Network, and UCOL | Te Pūkenga for the Workforce Development Planning project. Regional Business Partner Programme agreements in place with Whanganui & Partners (Horowhenua, Rangitīkei, Ruapehu and Whanganui, districts) and Te Manu Atatu (Māori business growth advisor), and with Ventura Taranaki and Whanganui & Partners for collaborative visitor sector projects.

Rangitāne o Manawatū Māori Tourism Strategy

implementation underway to support Rangitāne to tell their stories, through the Tourism Working Group, with printed collateral development underway which will highlight locations of interest for visitors from an iwi perspective and will include a 'kaitiaki guide' to ensure these spaces and places are looked after by all.

He Ara Kotahi, Hei Ara Kōrero project

funded through the Manatū Taonga Ministry of Culture and Heritage Te Urungi fund has commenced with initial planning underway including project plan, stakeholder engagement, and workstream planning. A site tour of Ngā Ara Tipuna in Waipukurau was completed in November to gain an understanding of what is being done successfully elsewhere. Data and Insights communications on the performance of the region's economy

43 stakeholder communications published

including Manawatū Quarterly Economic Monitor, 60 Seconds with CEDA, Training and Development Guides, Visitor Industry Updates, and Shareholder Updates.

2,289 Social Media followers

on CEDA Facebook and LinkedIn channels, with 1,139 Facebook followers up 6.3% from 1 Jul 2022 (1,071), and 1,150 LinkedIn followers up 11.7% from 1 Jul 2022 (1,030).

CEDA.nz year to date sessions in the period 1 July to 31 December 2022 were 14,303 up 13.84% compared to the previous period.

Purpose of the Half Yearly Report

This Half Yearly Report is presented by Central Economic Development Agency Limited (CEDA) in accordance with the requirements of Section 64(1) of the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA 2002).

In accordance with the Local Government Act 2002, this report publicly states the activities and progress for the year to date against objectives set in the CEDA Statement of Intent for the 2022-23 financial year.

COVID-19 Impact

The outcomes presented in this Half Yearly Report include response and recovery projects changed or implemented to assist our businesses, industries, and our people through the impact locally, nationally, and internationally of COVID-19. This includes additional support from funding received from the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment for visitor sector support including Destination Management Plan Development, Regional Marketing and Regional Event Funding.

Tā Mātou Matawhānui Our Vision

Manawatū 2025: Ko te rohe tino ahu whakamua o Aotearoa

New Zealand's most progressive region

Our vision is bold and purposefully so, it encompasses the ambitions of both our shareholder Councils. It requires our region to move from comfortable to ambitious, from reactive to future focused, and to move with an increased cadence and sense of resolve. We believe that Manawatū has the leadership and the ingredients to reposition itself on the national stage - a vibrant and innovative region that will be first choice for talent, business, and investment. Our three big goals that show we are on our way to achieving this vision are:



Manawatū is recognised as one of the top three agrifood hubs in the world



Manawatū is a leading distribution hub, and leverages off its role in central New Zealand



Manawatū is renowned for its exceptional lifestyle, competitive advantages, and is a magnet for investment, business, and talent

To achieve this vision CEDA must work in partnership with our shareholders, central government, Māori, local iwi, industry, and other regional stakeholders - it cannot be achieved alone.



Ā Mātou Whāinga Rautaki **Our Strategic Objectives**

Achieving our vision

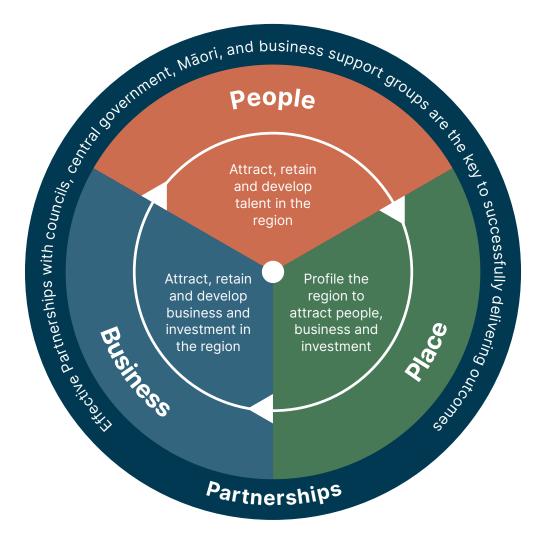
CEDA works across the three strategic pillars of economic development; People, Place and Business, and our success is underpinned and enabled by the strength of our relationships with our regional and national partners.

Our core objectives, programmes and activities are all aligned to these pillars, and are designed to create the environment, stimulus, outcomes, and impact that will power our economic prosperity and achieve our vision for Palmerston North city and Manawatū district.

These key objectives guide the development of our short and medium-term programmes of work as articulated through our Statement of Intent for 2022/23.

When considering how to prioritise our efforts, and based on our current resources and functions, we focus on programmes and activities that offer the greatest opportunities for economic prosperity.

These are identified through research, monitored, and reviewed using the latest data, and viewed through a regional, national, and international lens.



He Tauākī Whakatutuki Ratonga Statement of Service Performance

Service Level Statement	Performance Measure	2022/23*	Performance year to date
Develop the talent pipeline to grow a skilled workforce, and better utilise the existing labour market	Lead and support the regions attraction and retention of talent, skills, and investment	Lead the delivery of the Manawatū Talent and Skills Attraction and Retention Strategy year two action plan, through the establishment of a digital talent and skills hub, that includes work integrated learning and graduate opportunities	A Workforce Development Planning toolkit to support employers to attract, retain and train staff was developed in collaboration with UCOL Te Pūkenga. Four information booklets were created (People Strategy, Bringing the right people on board, Growing your people, and Keeping your people). This was launched with 3 workshops in Palmerston North and Feilding with 30 businesses registering. The Sustainability Toolkit was launched to help businesses to start their sustainability journey from understanding the benefits, to practical tools and resources, links to the climate action toolbox and calculators.
		Lead the delivery of a programme of work that will attract and retain talent in the region working with businesses	 CEDA has engaged with five of the six Workforce Development Councils. From these engagements we have progressed two initiatives relating to the regions sectors of strength: Working with Hanga-Aro-Rau – Manufacturing, Engineering & Logistics, Workforce Development Council and the Regional Skills Leadership group has resulted in the establishment of a freight and logistics workforce planning group whose purpose is to look at the region's future skills and training needs for this sector. This will be important particularly for Te Utanganui in relation to future labour requirements. The first hui for this group occurred in November 2022. Working with Toitū te Waiora - Community, Health, Education and Social Services Workforce Development Council and the Regional Skills Leadership group resulted in the development of a Health and School transitions workforce plan. A direct output of this was the Hauora Wananga ō ngā rangatahi ō Manawatū - Accelerate Academy programme. The purpose of the programme was to showcase the health sector to year 10 rangatahi Māori students and was held over a 12-week period with students from five schools in attendance, ranging from 50 to 90 students in attendance each week, and supported by Rangitāne o Manawatū.

*these objectives or outcomes may be impacted by CEDA's requirements to be adaptable and responsive to the needs of the regional economy due to the impact of COVID-19

Service Level Statement	Performance Measure	2022/23*	Performance year to date
Attract business and investment to the region	Implementation of Inward Investment strategy with regional partners, through the attraction of including key regional projects		 Outcomes of our work to date include: Raising the profile of Te Utanganui through advocacy with the sector, potential investors, and partners including KiwiRail, Waka Kōtahi, Napier Ports, CentrePort, and Air New Zealand, to maximise the linkages between the key components within the strategy and support investment decisions. Regional advocacy with Accelerate25, Hawke's Bay Councils, PNCC and MDC, Horizons Regional Council, and central government (Delegation to Minster Wood, and several MP visits to the region) to create a linked-up approach to the national freight strategy led out by the Ministry of Transport. The website for Te Utanganui was launched and final collateral for dissemination was produced including a condensed version of the strategy and a Te Utanganui Story document, and video.
		Development of phase two of the Manawatū Food Strategy and implementation of year one actions	Stage One development of the Manawatū Food Strategy was completed in June 2022, which delivered an analysis of international best practice, and highlighted the requirement for further refinement to reflect the local context. As a result, Stage Two of this work commenced in October 2022 with a new project team, project approach, and broader Technical Advisory Group with 15 members. 23 interviews were conducted with a broad range of businesses and stakeholders across the sector to inform the development of the strategy which is due for completion by year end.
			Four other investment opportunities supported in the year to date were ongoing assistance of SoundSphere hi-tech audio with potential for establishing themselves in the region, development of a pitch for an international pharmaceutical company working with New Zealand Trade and Enterprise, a Commercial Demand Profile Analysis for Safari Group to assist with planning in relation to a hotel investment, and work to support the development of Te Āpiti West Accommodation Hub.
Support our sectors of strength to grow through targeted business development and retention initiatives and activities	Development of priority sectors through sector strategy implementation, cluster development and partnerships with Māori.	Refreshed Destination Management Plan developed including establishment of a steering group, to reflect changing environment and regional aspirations	The refreshed Manawatū Destination Management Plan was completed in December 2022 and five key priority strategic initiatives (from the 72 identified) were agreed. 64 recommendations were also made. Development of the plan included engaging with 83 industry stakeholders, and partners, through workshops, interviews, presentations and discussions and a community engagement survey with 338 responses from residents across the region.

Service Level Statement	Performance Measure	2022/23*	Performance year to date
	Retain businesses in the region through engagement and identification of barriers to growthImplementation of Business Attraction Retention and Expa Strategy framewor through structured business engagem facilitating the reso constraints		Of the 100 businesses identified under the Business Attraction, Retention and Expansion Strategy, 11 business sentiment engagements have been completed. The purpose of the engagements is to identify investment opportunities and understanding barriers to expansion, and retention of businesses in the region. This has resulted in follow up actions for six of these businesses being completed. The sectors of strength pages have been redeveloped on ManawatuNZ.co.nz with the addition of six new business videos.
		Support or engage with 210 businesses including Māori businesses through CEDA activities**	265 unique business engagements (including 25 Māori businesses) in the year to date. This is from a total of 325 engagements through the Regional Business Partner Programme, Business Mentors New Zealand mentor matching, Visitor Sector support, talent and skills industry activity and general business support.
			Business development capability funding was issued of \$83,770 through the Regional Business Partner Programme.
	A government funded Digital Boost Programm their digital capability and online presence af		A government funded Digital Boost Programme for supporting businesses through increasing their digital capability and online presence after the impacts of CVOVID-19 was rolled out through 13 intermediaries which has provided online digital training to 565 businesses.
			12 events have been supported through the Regional Events Fund, government funding to support in the attraction of visitors to the region through the impacts of COVID-19, which ceases this year, with a total funding allocated of \$92,750. Events supported included the Manawatū Arts Trail, Palmy Drag Fest and the NZ Blues, Roots & Groove Festival.
	Facilitate access to specialist innovation, and start-up expertise	Partner with The Factory and Sprout Agritech to deliver start-up and	Agreements are in place to support and accelerate tech start-ups and entrepreneurs including through the Factory Innovate event in November, and Minister Verrell being hosted by Sprout out at The Factory with CEDA attending.
		innovation support	Sprouts Cohort IX of their Accelerator Programme saw a wide range of companies from a robotic prototype for grain silos, to cameras capable of facial recognition for sheep and much more. There were nine businesses involved comprising 33% food tech and 67% agritech.
			The Factory's Innovate programme saw eight businesses pitching for the supreme award that went to Precycle who turn non-recyclable waste into construction materials.
			Support for businesses to innovate through Callaghan Innovation programmes of work has resulted in 46 Innovation Action Plans being developed, 13 referrals for Student Career Grants and three referrals for the newly developed Research and Development Grants. In line in with a change in focus for Callaghan Innovation, Getting Started, Project and Student Fellowship grants were removed from the programme on 1st July 2022, and therefore no Research and Development grant funding was available for the period July to December 2022.

Service Level Statement	Performance Measure	2022/23*	Performance year to date
Profile Manawatū locally, nationally, and globally	Lead and develop the stories of Manawatū, creating a narrative and a unified positioning, incorporating the cultural heritage of iwi	Leverage the Regional Identity to grow the profile and narrative of the city and region, with 10 content pieces published targeting key audiences	 12 content pieces created and published for the regions key audiences, made up of: Six new content features for the regions key visitor markets, focusing on family activities and walks and hikes. Six new business profiles to help tell the story of our successful and diverse business sectors and industries in Manawatū. An additional 15 micro clips (video snippets) were created to be used across digital channels and platforms.
		50 direct media features published profiling the region, with a reach of more than 2.7 million*** New Trade and Media Hub launched on ManawatuNZ.co.nz	34 media features published year to date with a total reach of 33,401,364. The launch of the Coastal Arts Trail, and the Manawatū Version 2.0 campaign, resulted in an increase in media features and reach, with over 17 million reached through the Arts Trail coverage. Key channels have included Stuff National, and Stuff Travel features, the Urban List, Kia Ora Magazine, Verve Magazine, Radio New Zealand, and Concrete Playground. A key highlight was securing Manawatū as the feature region for a Stuff travel takeover in July.
	Grow engagement on regional web and digital platforms for increased promotion of and information on the region	10% increase in 'sessions' on ManawatuNZ.co.nz, and social media engagement****	ManawatuNZ.co.nz total sessions to (1 Jul – 31 Dec 2022) were 108,512 down from 136,115 for the same period in the previous year. ManawatuNZ FB followers (21,771) up 0.97% from 30 June 2022 (21,560), and ManawatuNZ Instagram followers (7,941), up 0.20% from 30 June 2022 (7,925).

Service Level Statement	Performance Measure	2022/23*	Performance year to date
Develop strategic partner relationships, leveraging opportunities	Continue to build on relationships with shareholders, central	Partnership agreements and workplans reviewed	Ministry of Business, Innovation, and Employment agreements in place for; Regional Business Partner Programme, Regional Events Fund, Digital Boost Pilot Programme, and Support, Reset and Recovery funding to support the Visitor Sector through the impacts of COVID-19.
	government agencies, key regional stakeholders, local iwi and Māori, and business support groups		Accelerate Academy programme agreement (Te Whatu Ora – Health NZ, and Te Tāhuhu o te Mātauranga - Min. of Education), Workforce Development Planning project (UCOL Te Pūkenga), The Factory and Sprout Agritech Partnership agreements, Manawatū Young Professionals Network.
			Regional Business Partner Programmes sub-contracts in place with Whanganui & Partners (Horowhenua, Rangitīkei, Ruapehu and Whanganui, districts) and Te Manu Atatu (Māori business growth advisor).
		Iwi partnership projects implementation, including the Rangitāne o Manawatū Tourism Working Group and identification of additional project(s)	The Rangitāne o Manawatū Māori Tourism Strategy implementation continues with printed collateral development underway which will highlight locations of interest for visitors from iwi perspective. He Ara Kotahi, He Ara Kōrero project implementation commenced with initial planning underway including project plan, stakeholder engagement plan, and workstream planning. A site tour of Ngā Ara Tipuna in Waipukurau completed in November. A Terms of Reference is to be completed for the project team.
Data and insights communications on the performance of the region's economy	Economic impact information regularly communicated to stakeholders and business, including iwi and Māori business sector	5% growth in audience engagement across key communications including economic updates, Māori economy data and regional news	 43 business and sector communications sent year to date consisting of: 29 CEDA 60 Seconds 8 Training & Development Guides 5 Visitor Industry Updates 1 Manawatū Economic Overview CEDA.nz year to date sessions (1 Jul -31 Dec 2022) were 14,303, (up 13.84% compared to the previous period). CEDA Facebook followers (1,139) up 6.3% from 1 Jul 2022 (1,071) and CEDA LinkedIn followers (1,150) up 11.7% from 1 Jul 2022 (1,030).

* these objectives or outcomes may be impacted by CEDA's requirements to be adaptable and responsive to the needs of the regional economy due to the impact of COVID-19

** assuming discontinuation of funding of the Regional Business Partner programme by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment from July 2022

*** reach measured by media and/or publication audience/readership

**** increase in sessions for 2021/22 was based on a baseline of 250,000 due to additional activity in the 2020/21 financial year due to funding received in response to COVID-19

Ngā Tohu Aroturuki Monitoring Indicators

In addition to our performance measures, the shareholders have identified a further set of monitoring indicators. These indicators reflect outcomes at the regional level which are impacted by a range of factors outside of our control, for example: exchange rates, natural disasters, government policy. As the region's economic development agency, we have a role in monitoring and influencing these indicators where we can, however we do not measure the performance of our organisation against them. The Councils have the responsibility to report on these indicators. The Councils have the responsibility to report on these indicators.

Indicator	2023	2024	2025	Regional target*
Change in total number of jobs	1.9% increase	1.9% increase	1.9% increase	1.9% average annual increase over three years
Change in median salaries and wages	2.6% increase	2.6% increase	2.6% increase	2.6% pa increase.
Change in total earnings (salaries, wages, and self-employment income)	3.7% increase	3.7% increase	3.7% increase	3.7% pa increase, average annual increase of \$104 million
Change in total GDP and per capita GDP	1.8% GDP	1.8% GDP	1.8% GDP	1.8% average annual increase in total GDP
	0.6% per capita	0.6% per capita	0.6% per capita	0.6% average annual increase in per capita GDP
Estimated population change	1,350 increase	1,350 increase	1,350 increase	1,350 population increase pa, 1.2% average increase pa
- 65 years and over population (for demographic monitoring)	530 increase	530 increase	530 increase	Estimated 530 population increase pa, 3.3% pa
Electronic card spending by visitors in Manawatū region (domestic and international)	5.7% increase	5.7% increase	5.7% increase	5.7% pa increase, average annual increase of \$22 million
Number of guest nights in Manawatū region	1.6% increase	1.6% increase	1.6% increase	1.6% pa increase
Change in MSD benefit numbers	1.6% decline	1.6% decline	1.6% decline	1.6% pa decline, average annual decline of 130 people

*excludes any annual inflation increase

Mō CEDA About CEDA



The Central Economic Development Agency (CEDA) is a Limited Liability Company incorporated and registered under the Companies Act 1993. CEDA commenced full operations is September 2016 and is a Council controlled organisation jointly owned by the Palmerston North City Council (50%) and the Manawatū District Council (50%).

CEDA's Purpose and Principal Activities

The primary objective of CEDA is to drive and facilitate the creation and growth of economic wealth for Manawatū and beyond. CEDA's principal activities are directed by its Statement of Intent for the current year.

CEDA's Constitution Objectives

- (a) objectives of the Shareholders, both commercial and non-commercial as specified from time to time in the Statement of Intent and, in particular, to drive and facilitate the creation and growth of economic wealth for Manawatū and beyond;
- b) be a good employer;
- c) exhibit a sense of social and environmental responsibility by having regard to the interests of the community in which the Company operates and by endeavouring to accommodate or encourage these when reasonably able to do so.

CEDA's Structure and Governance

The Board of up to seven (currently six) independent directors is responsible for the strategic direction and control of CEDA's activities.

The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of CEDA, in accordance with the Companies Act 1993, the Local Government Act 2002, the Company's Constitution and this Statement of Intent.

The Board's approach to governance is to adopt "good practice" with respect to:

- the operation and performance of the Board
- managing the relationship with the Chief Executive
- being accountable to all shareholders and reporting to the Joint Strategic Planning Committee of Manawatū District Council and Palmerston North City Council

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-today operations of CEDA, engaging and oversight of staff and reporting to the directors on performance against CEDA's objectives.

Tutukinga Ahumoni Financial Performance

Group Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

For the 6 Months to December

Account	Notes	Jul-Dec 2022 (Unaudited)	Jul-Dec 2021 (Unaudited)	30 Jun 2023 (Budget)	30 Jun 2022 (Audited)
Revenue					
Council Funding	4	1,268,101	1,177,557	2,698,107	2,510,001
Other Services Revenue		894,269	556,447	731,000	1,162,734
Project Revenue		375,000	9,554	85,000	94,299
Total Revenue		2,537,370	1,743,558	3,514,107	3,767,034
Cost of Sales					
Other Services Expenses		1,413,940	801,403	1,465,000	1,789,245
Project Expenses		2,102	14,396	87,000	46,223
Total Cost of Sales		1,416,042	815,799	1,552,000	1,835,468
Gross Surplus (Deficit)		1,121,328	927,759	1,962,107	1,931,566
Other Revenue					
Interest Revenue		29,121	3,883	5,000	15,086
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Eq	uipment	0	653	0	653
Total Other Revenue		29,121	4,535	5,000	15,739
Expenses					
Depreciation		1,890	1,926	3,500	3,852
Directors' Fees		87,917	81,159	180,000	170,868
Employee Expense	5	632,413	719,693	1,366,643	1,359,340
Financing Expenses		0	0	200	1
Other Operating Expenses	6	233,602	202,395	420,271	400,697
Total Expenses		955,823	1,005,173	1,970,614	1,934,759
Surplus (Deficit) Before Taxation		194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546

See Appendix for Accounting Policies

Group Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

For the 6 Months to December

Account	Notes	Jul-Dec 2022 (Unaudited)	Jul-Dec 2021 (Unaudited)	30 Jun 2023 (Budget)	30 Jun 2022 (Audited)
Taxation					
Income Tax Expense	7	0	0	0	0
Total Taxation		0	0	0	0
Surplus (Deficit) after tax		194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546
Other comprehensive revenue	-	0	0	0	0
Total Other comprehensive reven	• • •	0	0	0	0
Total comprehensive revenue	and expense				
Total comprehensive revenue and e	-	194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546
-	expense		(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546
Total comprehensive revenue and e	expense		(72,878)	(3,507) (1,754)	6,273

194,626

(72,878)

(3,507)

12,546

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of and are to be read in conjunction with these financial statements. Variations on comparatives from the previous Half Yearly Report, December 2021 are due to adjustments as part of the year end process.

Total comprehensive revenue and expenses

Group Statement of Financial Position

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	31 Dec 2022 (Unaudited)	31 Dec 2021 (Unaudited)	30 Jun 2023 (Budget)	30 Jun 2022 (Audited)
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	1,783,520	1,987,411	624,450	2,039,054
Receivables and Accruals	9	536,595	112,099	150,593	66,037
Prepayments		30,604	14,213	4,875	11,053
Total Current Assets		2,350,719	2,113,723	779,918	2,116,14
Non-Current Assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	28,146	28,582	23,156	26,656
Total Non-Current Assets		28,146	28,582	23,156	26,65
Total Assets		2,378,866	2,142,305	803,074	2,142,80
Liabilities					
Liabilities	11	1,529,487	1,570,873	199,899	1,489,35
Liabilities Current Liabilities	11	1,529,487 84,864	1,570,873 86,967	199,899 86,371	
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue	11			-	83,56
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue Employee Entitlements	11	84,864	86,967	86,371	83,56 1,572,91 2
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue Employee Entitlements Total Current Liabilities	11	84,864 1,614,351	86,967 1,657,840	86,371 286,270	1,489,35 83,56 1,572,912 1,572,912 569,888
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue Employee Entitlements Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Assets	11	84,864 1,614,351 1,614,351	86,967 1,657,840 1,657,840	86,371 286,270 286,270	83,56 1,572,91 1,572,91
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue Employee Entitlements Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Assets Equity		84,864 1,614,351 1,614,351 764,515	86,967 1,657,840 1,657,840 484,465	86,371 286,270 286,270 516,804	83,56 1,572,912 1,572,912 569,889
Liabilities Current Liabilities Payables and Deferred Revenue Employee Entitlements Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities Net Assets	11	84,864 1,614,351 1,614,351	86,967 1,657,840 1,657,840	86,371 286,270 286,270	83,56 1,572,91 1,572,91

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of and are to be read in conjunction with these financial statements. Variations on comparatives from the previous Half Yearly Report, December 2021 are due to adjustments as part of the year end process.

See Appendix for Accounting Policies

Group Statement of Changes in Equity

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

For the 6 months to December

Account	Jul-Dec 2022 (Unaudited)	Jul-Dec 2021 (Unaudited)	30 June 2023 (Budget)	30 Jun 2022 (Audited)
Equity				
Opening Balance	569,889	557,343	520,311	557,343
Increases				
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the period	194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546
Total Increases	194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546
Fotal Equity	764,515	484,465	516,804	569,889

Manawatū District Council	97,313	(36,439)	(1,754)	6,273
Total comprehensive revenue and expense	194,626	(72,878)	(3,507)	12,546

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of and are to be read in conjunction with these financial statements. Variations on comparatives from the previous Half Yearly Report, December 2021 are due to adjustments as part of the year end process.

Group Statement of Cash Flows

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

For the 6 months to December

	Jul-Dec 2022 (Unaudited)	Jul-Dec 2021 (Unaudited)	30 Jun 2023 (Budget)	30 Jun 2022 (Audited)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts of council funding	1,213,463	1,227,557	3,102,823	2,455,113
Interest received	19,479	2,777	5,000	10,797
Receipts from other operating activities	1,012,345	1,215,916	1,102,761	1,768,824
Income tax refunded/(paid)	0	0	0	883
GST	(63,324)	(16,495)	(194,978)	(10,939
Payments to suppliers and employees	(2,434,116)	(1,959,828)	(4,702,132)	(3,703,108
Finance costs	0	0	(200)	(1
Total Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(252,153)	469,926	(686,726)	521,569
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	0	1,652	0	1,652
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and	0 (3,381)	1,652	0	1,652
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Payment for property, plant and equipment				(
equipment	(3,381)	0	0	1,652
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Payment for property, plant and equipment Total Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Cash Flows	(3,381) (3,381)	0 1,652	0 0	(1,652
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Payment for property, plant and equipment Total Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(3,381) (3,381)	0 1,652	0 0	(1,652 523,22
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment Payment for property, plant and equipment Total Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Cash Flows Cash Balances	(3,381) (3,381) (255,534)	0 1,652 471,578	0 0 (686,726)	

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of and are to be read in conjunction with these financial statements. Variations on comparatives from the previous Half Yearly Report, December 2021 are due to adjustments as part of the year end process.

Notes to Accounts

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA)

For the 6 months to December

Accounting Policies

1. Reporting Entity

Central Economic Development Agency Ltd (CEDA) was established and commenced operations in New Zealand on 15 October 2015 under the Companies Act 1993 (NZBN 9429042001096). As the shareholders of CEDA are Palmerston North City Council (50%) and Manawatū District Council (50%). CEDA is a council-controlled organisation as defined in section 6 of the Local Government Act 2002.

CEDA has designated itself as a public benefit entity (PBE) for financial reporting purposes.

The financial statements of CEDA are for the 6 months ended 31 December 2022.

2. Statement of Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of CEDA have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 2002, the Companies Act 1993, and the Financial Reporting Act 2013. This includes the requirement to comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP).

These financial statements comply with Public Benefit Entity International Public Sector Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime (RDR). CEDA is eligible and has elected to report in accordance with Tier 2 PBE standards RDR on the basis the entity has no public accountability and has expenses > \$2m and < \$30m.

Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (NZ) and all values are rounded to the nearest NZ, except when otherwise indicated

Historical Cost

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies. Policies have been applied on a consistent basis with those of the previous reporting period. New group standards have been applied but have resulted in no impact to the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services, excluding goods and services tax rebates and discounts, to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and revenue can be reliably measured. Specific accounting policies for significant revenue items are explained below:

Sales of goods are recognised when the goods are sold to the customer.

Sales of services are recognised in the period by reference to the stage of completion of the services delivered at balance date as a percentage of the total services to be provided.

Interest received is recognised using the effective interest method. Interest revenue on an impaired financial asset is recognised using the original effective interest method.

Grants are recognised as revenue when they become receivable unless there is an obligation in substance to return the funds if conditions of the grant are not met. If there is such an obligation, the grants are initially recorded as grants received in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions of the grant are satisfied.

Donated assets. Where a physical asset is gifted to or acquired by CEDA for nil consideration or at a subsidised cost, the asset is recognised at fair value. The difference between the consideration provided and fair value of the asset is recognised as revenue. The fair value of donated assets is determined as follows:

- For new assets, fair value is usually determined by reference to the retail price of the same or similar assets at the time the asset was received.
- For used assets, fair value is usually determined by reference to market information for assets of a similar type, condition, and age.

Inventories

Inventories held for use in the provision of goods and services on a commercial basis are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The amount of any write-down for the loss of service potential or from cost to net realisable value is recognised in the surplus (deficit) in the period of the write-down.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of assets and includes the cost of replacements that are eligible for capitalisation when these are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation

Account	Method to be used	Rate	
Leasehold Improvements	Diminishing Value	10%	
Office Furniture & Equipment	Diminishing Value	0% - 50%	
Office Furniture & Equipment	Straight Line	8.5% - 10.5%	
Vehicles	Diminishing Value	30%	
Websites	Straight Line	40%	

Income Tax

Income tax expense includes components relating to current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable based on the taxable profit for the current year, and any adjustments to income tax payable in respect of prior years.

Deferred tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in future periods in respect of temporary differences and unused tax losses. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Current tax and deferred tax are measured using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at balance date.

Current and deferred tax is recognised against the profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other shortterm highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Receivables

Receivables are recorded at their face value, less any provision for impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for evidence of impairment at each balance date. Impairment losses are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Loans and receivables

Impairment is established when there is evidence CEDA will not be able to collect amounts due according to the original terms of the receivable. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy, receivership, or liquidation and default in payments are indicators that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the original effective interest rate. For debtors and other receivables, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. When the receivable is uncollectable, it is written-off against the allowance account. Overdue receivables that have been renegotiated are reclassified as current (that is, not past due). Impairment in term deposits or bonds are recognised directly against the instrument's carrying amount.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date, which are included in non-current assets.

After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the surplus or deficit.

Payables

Short-term creditors and other payables are recorded at their face value.

Equity

Equity is the shareholders' interest in CEDA and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities.

Good and Services Tax

All items in the financial statements are stated exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are presented on a GST inclusive basis. Where GST is not recoverable as input tax, it is recognised as part of related asset or expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the IRD is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

The net GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as operating cash flow in the statement of cashflows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

Employee Entitlements

Employer contributions to KiwiSaver are accounted for as defined contribution superannuation schemes and are expensed in the surplus or deficit as incurred.

Short-term employee entitlements - Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the year in which the employee provides the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, and annual leave earned but not yet taken at balance date, and sick leave. These are classified as a current liability.

A liability and an expense are recognised for bonuses where there is a contractual obligation or where there is past practice that has created a constructive obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

CEDA does not provide for long service or retirement leave entitlements.

Provisions

A provision is recognised for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is an obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as an interest expense and is included in 'finance costs'.

Leases - Where CEDA is the Lessee

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised in the surplus or deficit as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements CEDA has made judgements, estimates and assumptions concerning the future.

These judgements, estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

Useful lives and residual values of property, plant, and equipment - refer to Note 11.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Funding received - refer to Note 4.

3. Subsidiaries

CEDA consolidates in the group financial statements all entities where CEDA has the capacity to control their financing and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from the activities of the subsidiary. This power exists where CEDA controls the majority voting power on the governing body or where such policies have been irreversibly predetermined by CEDA or where the determination of such policies is unable to materially affect the level of potential ownership benefits that arise from the activities of the subsidiary.

CEDA has the power to appoint 100% of trustees of the Events Manawatū Trust. The consolidation of the Events Manawatū Trust into CEDA's financial statements has resulted in no change to the reported financial statements as the Trust is dormant and did not trade during the year.

4. Council Funding

Total Council Funding	(1,268,101)	(1,177,557)
Manawatū District Council	(327,828)	(305,338)
Palmerston North City Council	(940,273)	(872,219)

Project income, as disclosed in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense, includes income from Council's specifically received for project or other services delivery. This income is not included in Council Funding income.

Council Funding included in Project Revenue

Palmerston North City Council	0	8,280
Manawatū District Council	0	1,274
Total Council Funding included in Project Revenue	0	9,554

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies - funding received

CEDA must exercise judgement when recognising project or specific programme revenue to determine when conditions of the funding contract have been satisfied. As at 31 December 2022 1,203,175 (2021:1,403,290) has been recognised as a liability as the conditions attached to the receipt of this funding have not yet been met.

5. Employee Expenses

Salaries and wages	613,706	734,662
Employer contribution to Kiwisaver	16,604	15,974
Movement in employee entitlements	2,103	(30,943)
Total Employee Expenses	632,413	719,693

6. Other Operating Expenses		Jul-Dec 2021
Fees to Grant Thornton Audit New Zealand for the audit of the financial statements	14,500	13,779
Other operating expenses	219,102	188,616
Total Other Operating Expenses	233,602	202,395
7. Income Tax Expense		
Net Profit (Loss) Before Tax	194,626	(72,878)
Tax at 28%	54,495	(20,406)
Plus (less) tax effect of:		
Non-deductible expenditure	0	C
Non-taxable income	0	C
Tax loss not recognised (recognised)	(54,495)	20,462
Deferred tax adjustment	0	С
Tax expense	0	0
Components of tax expense		
Current year	0	C
Deferred tax	0	C
Total Deductions from Tax Payable	0	C

9. Receivables and Accruals

Accounts Receivable	516,789	110,103
GST refund due	5,867	0
Provisional tax paid	11,728	1,957
Accrued Interest	2,210	39
Total Receivables and Accruals	536,595	112,099

Total Receivables and Accruals Comprise

Receivables from exchange transactions	2,307	1,075
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	534,288	111,024
Total Receivables and Accruals Comprise	536,595	112,099

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Value	Accum Dep	Carrying Amount	Additions	Disposals	Depn	Closing Value	Accum Depn	Carrying Amount
Leasehold Im- provements	13,049	(8,121)	4,928	0	0	(246)	13,049	(8,367)	4,682
Office Furniture & Equipment	71,054	(51,195)	19,859	3,381	0	(1,364)	74,435	(52,559)	21,876
Vehicles	19,382	(17,513)	1,869	0	0	(280)	19,382	(17,793)	1,589
Websites	17,725	(17,725)	0	0	0	0	17,725	(17,725)	0
Total	121,210	(94,554)	26,656	3,381	0	(1,890)	124,591	(96,444)	28,146

There are no restrictions on title of CEDA's property, plant and equipment. No property, plant and equipment has been pledged as securities for liabilities.

11. Payables and Deferred Income

Total Payables and Deferred Income	1,529,487	1,570,873
Credit Cards	6,045	4,918
GST	0	26,238
Funding in Advance - Sector Development	394,088	1,118,117
Funding in Advance - NZ AgriWeek	0	39,632
Funding in Advance	809,087	245,541
Accounts Payable	284,548	79,241
Accruals General	35,718	57,186

Total Payables and Deferred Income Comprise			
Payables under exchange transactions	316,012	118,832	
Payables under non-exchange transactions	1,213,475	1,452,041	
Total Payables and Deferred Income Comprise	1,529,487	1,570,873	

12. Equity

Share Capital		
Opening Balance	1,000	1,000
Total Share Capital	1,000	1,000
Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	568,889	556,343
Current Year Earnings	194,626	(72,878)
Total Retained Earnings	763,515	483,465
Total Equity	764,515	484,465

Each fully paid ordinary share confers on the holder one vote at a meeting of the company, a share in distributions approved by the Directors, and a share in distribution of the surplus assets of the company on dissolution.

At balance date there were 1,000 shares on issue.

13. Key personnel compensation

Directors	2022	2021
Remuneration	87,917	81,159
Full-time equivalent members	6	6

Due to the difficulty in determining the full time equivalent for Directors the full time equivalent figure is taken as the number of Directors.

14. Related Parties

CEDA is a council-controlled organisation as defined in section 6 of the Local Government Act 2002. As per the constitution the shareholders of CEDA being Palmerston North City Council and Manawatu District Council, are responsible for the appointment of the Board of Directors.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are:

- within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship; and
- on terms and conditions no more or less favourable that those that it is reasonable to expect CEDA and the group would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances.

15. Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Loans and Receivables		
Accounts Receivable	516,789	110,103
Accrued Interest	2,210	39
Cash and cash equivalents	1,783,520	1,987,411
Total Loans and Receivables	2,302,520	2,097,553
Total Financial Assets	2,302,520	2,097,553

Financial Liabilities

Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		
Payables	(316,032)	(166,700)
Total Financial Liabilities at amortised cost	(316,032)	(166,700)
Total Financial Liabilities	(316,032)	(166,700)

16. Operating leases as lessee

The future aggregate minimum lease payments to be paid under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Operating leases as lessee

Total non-cancellable operating leases	245,495	303,805
Later than five years	0	0
Later than one year and not later than five years	85,019	178,008
Not later than one year	160,476	125,797

The office space located at Level 1, TSB Towers, 1-19 Fitzherbert Avenue, Palmerston North has a lease term of four years to 30 June 2024, with two rights of renewal of three years each. This disclosure has included lease payments up to the end of the term, being 30 June 2024, as it is uncertain whether CEDA will exercise the option to renew the lease.

17. Events after balance date

There are no significant events after balance date.

18. COVID-19 impact

COVID-19 has had an impact to CEDA in relation to its non financial performance and impact on its financial performance mostly by way of Events and programmes unable to be held or in their usual format due to Alert Level and COVID-19 Protection Framework requirements. CEDA also received additional funding support through the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment to support the visitor sector and provide additional resources. There has been no impact to core funding and council grants, or to the ability for CEDA to continue its operations.

Ō Mātou Hoa Mahi Tahi Our Partner Organisations

Current partner organisations that CEDA works with:

Local

Central Skills Hub Chiasma Feilding and District Promotion

FoodHQ

IPU New Zealand

Lamberts

ManawaTech

Manawatū Business Chamber

Manawatū District Council

Manawatū Young Chamber

Manawatū Young Professionals Network Manfeild

Massey University National Driver Training Centre

Network of Skilled Migrants Manawatū

Palmerston North City Council

Palmerston North Airport

Regional Schools

Spearhead Manawatū

Sport Manawatū

Sprout Agritech

Talent Central

Te Au Pakihi Te Manawa The Factory UCOL | Te Pūkenga Venues and Events Palmerston North Welcoming Communities

Regional

Accelerate 25 Business Central and Export NZ Horizons Regional Council Horowhenua District Council Regional Skills Leadership Group – Manawatū-Whanganui Ruapehu District Council Rangitīkei District Council Tararua District Council Te Manu Atatū The Horowhenua Company Venture Taranaki Whanganui and Partners Whanganui Chamber of Commerce Whanganui District Council

National

AgResearch Agritech NZ Air New Zealand **Business Mentors New Zealand** Callaghan Innovation **Economic Development New Zealand** Immigration New Zealand Kanoa - Regional Economic Development & Investment Unit Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment Ministry of Culture and Heritage Ministry of Social Development New Zealand Careers Expo New Zealand Trade and Enterprise New Zealand Media and Entertainment New Zealand Motor Caravan Association **Regional Tourism New Zealand Regional Business Partners Network Regional Tourism Organisations New** Zealand

Stuff

Primary Sector Think Tank Te Tāhuhu o te Māturanga - Ministry of Education Te Whatu Ora - Health NZ Tourism New Zealand Waka Kotahi Workforce Development Councils

Te Puna Whakaaronui - New Zealand's

